

Maung Maung Kyaw

Nimekiri

Тüüр	Üksikisik
Sugu	Mees
Loendi nimi	Ühendkuningriik
Programmid (2)	Myanmar
	Burma Ajalooline (viimati aktiivne 30.04.2021 05:15:07)
Loetellu kandmise kuupäev (1)	25.02.2021
Märge	Air Force Serial BAF1925

Nimed/Pealkirjad (1)

Perekonnanimi/Nimi	Куаw
Eesnimi/Tiitel	Maung
Keskmine nimi/Nimi	Maung
Täielik nimi/Tiitel	Maung Maung Kyaw
Tüüp	Eesnimi
Kirjeldus	(1) Commander-in-Chief of Air Force (2) Member of State
	Administration Council

Rahvused (1)

Riik

Birma

Aadressid (1)

Riik

Birma

Sünnikuupäev (1)

Sünniaeg	1964-07-23
Riik	Birma

Põhjendus (3)

On 1 February 2021 the Myanmar military (Tatmadaw), led by Commander-in-Chief Min Aung Hlaing, staged a coup in Myanmar. As part of the coup, Vice-President Swe declared a state of emergency on 1 February transferring the legislative, executive and judicial powers of the state to Min Aung Hlaing. On 2 February, the Tatmadaw established the State Administration Council (SAC), which is chaired by Hlaing, in order to run the functions of the state. General Maung Maung Kyaw was appointed to the SAC on 2 February. The Myanmar security forces have committed serious human rights violations since 1 February 2021: killing a protestor, restricting freedom of assembly and expression including through restricting internet access, arbitrary arrest and detention of opposition leaders and opponents of the coup. The SAC has adopted legislation violating the right to privacy and the right not to be subject to arbitrary detention in Myanmar. As a member of the SAC, Maung Maung Kyaw shares responsibility with its other members for the exercise of state functions since 2 February 2021, including legislation violating human rights, and for the serious human rights violations committed by the Myanmar security forces. As a member of the SAC, General Maung Maung Kyaw is associated with Commander in Chief General Min Aung Hlaing who is a designated person under the Myanmar (Sanctions) Regulations 2021 in respect of actions related to the February 2021 coup.

On 1 February 2021 the Myanmar military (Tatmadaw), led by Commander-in-Chief Min Aung Hlaing, staged a coup in Myanmar. As part of the coup, Vice-President Swe declared a state of emergency on 1 February transferring the legislative, executive and judicial powers of the state to Min Aung Hlaing. On 2 February, the Tatmadaw established the State Administration Council (SAC), which is chaired by Hlaing, in order to run the functions of the state. General Maung Maung Kyaw was appointed to the SAC on 2 February. The Myanmar security forces have committed serious human rights violations since 1 February 2021: killing a protestor, restricting freedom of assembly and expression including through restricting internet access, arbitrary arrest and detention of opposition leaders and opponents of the coup. The SAC has adopted legislation violating the right to privacy and the right not to be subject to arbitrary detention in Myanmar. As a member of the SAC, Maung Maung Kyaw shares responsibility with its other members for the exercise of state functions since 2 February 2021, including legislation violating human rights, and for the serious human rights violations committed by the Myanmar security forces. As a member of the SAC, General Maung Maung Kyaw is associated with Commander in Chief General Min Aung Hlaing who is a designated person under the Burma (Sanctions) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 in respect of actions related to the February 2021 coup.

On 1 February 2021 the Myanmar military (Tatmadaw), led by Commander-in-Chief Min Aung Hlaing, staged a coup in Myanmar. As part of the coup, Vice-President Swe declared a state of emergency on 1 February transferring the legislative, executive and judicial powers of the state to Min Aung Hlaing. On 2 February, the Tatmadaw established the State Administration Council (SAC), which is chaired by Hlaing, in order to run the functions of the state. General Maung Maung Kyaw was appointed to the SAC on 2 February. The Myanmar security forces have committed serious human rights violations since 1 February 2021: killing a protestor, restricting freedom of assembly and expression including through restricting internet access, arbitrary arrest and detention of opposition leaders and opponents of the coup. The SAC has adopted legislation violating the right to privacy and the right not to be subject to arbitrary detention in Myanmar. As a member of the SAC, Maung Maung Kyaw shares responsibility with its other members for the exercise of state functions since 2 February 2021, including legislation violating human rights, and for the serious human rights violations committed by the Myanmar security forces. As a member of the SAC, General Maung Maung Kyaw is associated with Commander in Chief General Min Aung Hlaing who is a designated person under the Myanmar (Sanctions) Regulations 2021 in respect of actions related to the February 2021 coup.

Ajaloolised andmed

Nimed/Pealkirjad (1)

Olek	Ajalooline (viimati aktiivne 28.02.2022 05:16)
Perekonnanimi/Nimi	Kyaw
Eesnimi/Tiitel	Maung
Keskmine nimi/Nimi	Maung
Täielik nimi/Tiitel	Kyaw Maung Maung
Tüüp	Peamine hüüdnimi
Kirjeldus	(1) Commander-in-Chief of Air Force (2) Member of State Administration Council

Rahvused (1)

Olek	Ajalooline (viimati aktiivne 11.11.2022 19:15)
Riik	Birma

Aadressid (2)

Olek	Ajalooline (viimati aktiivne 28.02.2022 05:16)	
Riik	Birma	
Täielik aadress	Myanmar	
Olek	Ajalooline (viimati aktiivne 11.11.2022 19:15)	
Riik	Birma	

Sünnikuupäev (2)

Olek	Ajalooline (viimati aktiivne 28.02.2022 05:16)
Sünniaeg	1964-07-23
Riik	Birma
Olek	Ajalooline (viimati aktiivne 11.11.2022 19:15)
- II - I	1964-07-23
Sünniaeg	1304-01-23

Taastatud: 25.08.2025. 11:16 Teksti tõlge tehti masintõlke abil

Kataloogis on esitatud isikud, kes on lisatud Läti, ÜRO, Euroopa Liidu, Ühendkuningriigi, Ameerika Ühendriikide Riigikassas välisvarade kontrolli büroo (OFAC) ja Kanada sanktsioonide nimekirjadesse.