

Sanktsioonide nimekirjad

216.73.216.32 20.08.2025 10:05:59

# Alexey Alexandrov

#### Nimekiri

Tüüp	Üksikisik
Loendi nimi	Ühendkuningriik
Programmid (1)	Chemical Weapons
Loetellu kandmise kuupäev (1)	20.08.2021

## Nimed/Pealkirjad (2)

Perekonnanimi/Nimi	Alexandrov
Eesnimi/Tiitel	Alexey
Täielik nimi/Tiitel	Alexey Alexandrov
Тüüр	Eesnimi
White Labora	ECD On another attack and to Colorinalistics in attacks
Kirjeldus	FSB Operative attached to Criminalistics Institute
Perekonnanimi/Nimi	Frolov
•	
Perekonnanimi/Nimi	Frolov
Perekonnanimi/Nimi Eesnimi/Tiitel	Frolov Alexey

## Sünnikuupäev (1)

## Põhjendus (2)

Alexey Alexandrov is an FSB operative in the Criminalistics Institute - Military Unit 34435. Evidence including phone and travel records suggest that Alexey Alexandrov was one of the operatives involved in the use of a chemical weapon in the attempted assassination of Russian opposition leader Alexey Navalny during his August 2020 visit to Siberia. A chemical weapon - a toxic nerve agent of the Novichok group - was used. Alexandrov was an operative of the Criminalistics Unit present in Tomsk where Navalny was poisoned. Russia had the technical capability to carry out the attack. The Russian State has previously produced Novichoks and would still be capable of doing so. Within the last decade, Russia has produced and stockpiled small quantities of Novichok. It is unlikely that Novichoks could be made and deployed by non-state actors (e.g. a criminal or terrorist group). Russia had the operational experience to carry out the attack. Russia has a proven record of state-sponsored assassination. It is highly likely that the Russian state was responsible for the attempted assassination of Sergei Skripal in Salisbury in 2018 using a similar type of nerve agent. During the 2000s, Russia commenced a programme to test means of delivering chemical warfare agents, including investigation of ways of delivering nerve agents. Russia had the motive and opportunity to carry out the attack. Navalny is a high profile Russian opposition politician who vocally criticised the Russian administration and establishment. He was on Russian territory under surveillance by the Federal Security Service of the Russian Federation at the time of the attack. There are reasonable grounds to suspect that Alexey Alexandrov in his capacity as an operative in the Federal Security Service of the Russian Federation, was present in Tomsk at the time of the poisoning and was one of the key operatives responsible for the preparation and use of a toxic nerve agent of the Novichok group in the attempted assassination of Alexey Navalny.

Alexey Alexandrov is an FSB operative in the Criminalistics Institute - Military Unit 34435. Evidence including phone and travel records suggest that Alexey Alexandrov was one of the operatives involved in the use of a chemical weapon in the attempted assassination of Russian opposition leader Alexey Navalny during his August 2020 visit to Siberia. A chemical weapon - a toxic nerve agent of the Novichok group - was used. Alexandrov was an operative of the Criminalistics Unit present in Tomsk where Navalny was poisoned. Russia had the technical capability to carry out the attack. The Russian State has previously produced Novichoks and would still be capable of doing so. Within the last decade, Russia has produced and stockpiled small quantities of Novichok. It is unlikely that Novichoks could be made and deployed by non-state actors (e.g. a criminal or terrorist group). Russia had the operational experience to carry out the attack. Russia has a proven record of state-sponsored assassination. It is highly likely that the Russian state was responsible for the attempted assassination of Sergei Skripal in Salisbury in 2018 using a similar type of nerve agent. During the 2000s, Russia commenced a programme to test means of delivering chemical warfare agents, including investigation of ways of delivering nerve agents. Russia had the motive and opportunity to carry out the attack. Navalny is a high profile Russian opposition politician who vocally criticised the Russian administration and establishment. He was on Russian territory under surveillance by the Federal Security Service of the Russian Federation at the time of the attack. There are reasonable grounds to suspect that Alexey Alexandrov in his capacity as an operative in the Federal Security Service of the Russian Federation, was present in Tomsk at the time of the poisoning and was one of the key operatives responsible for the preparation and use of a toxic nerve agent of the Novichok group in the attempted assassination of Alexey Navalny.

#### Ajaloolised andmed

## Nimed/Pealkirjad (2)

Olek	Ajalooline (viimati aktiivne 28.02.2022 05:16)
Perekonnanimi/Nimi	Alexandrov
Eesnimi/Tiitel	Alexey
Täielik nimi/Tiitel	Alexandrov Alexey
Tüüp	Peamine hüüdnimi
Kirjeldus	FSB Operative attached to Criminalistics Institute
Kirjeidus	1 35 Operative accorded to criminalistics institute
Kirjeidus	. 35 operative attached to entitudistics institute
Olek	Ajalooline (viimati aktiivne 28.02.2022 05:16)
Olek	Ajalooline (viimati aktiivne 28.02.2022 05:16)
Olek Perekonnanimi/Nimi	Ajalooline (viimati aktiivne 28.02.2022 05:16) Frolov
Olek Perekonnanimi/Nimi Eesnimi/Tiitel	Ajalooline (viimati aktiivne 28.02.2022 05:16) Frolov Alexey

## Sünnikuupäev (1)

Olek	Ajalooline (viimati aktiivne 28.02.2022 05:16)
Sünniaeg	1981-06-16

Taastatud: 20.08.2025. 09:16 Teksti tõlge tehti masintõlke abil

Kataloogis on esitatud isikud, kes on lisatud Läti, ÜRO, Euroopa Liidu, Ühendkuningriigi, Ameerika Ühendriikide Riigikassas välisvarade kontrolli büroo (OFAC) ja Kanada sanktsioonide nimekirjadesse.